

# Oakfield Primary School Spring Medium Term Wider Curriculum Plan - PE

The following table details the wider curriculum titles and driver focus for each year group. All wider curriculum subjects (alongside core subjects) are also taught and where possible themes run throughout the curriculum.

#### **EYFS**

#### Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with handeye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

#### Nursery

Gymnastics: Unit 1

#### Floor

To begin to move with control using large body parts.

To know what it means to 'travel' in terms of their body/movement.

To begin to know the different levels of travel.

To begin to know how to move using different levels of travel.

#### Flight

To begin to know what it means to land after a jump.

To begin to know how to land safely.

#### Dance: Unit 1

To begin to know what it means to move freely.

To begin to know how to move freely with increasing confidence.

To begin to know how to move freely in a variety of different ways.

To begin to know how to respond.

To begin to know how o respond to stimuli.

To begin to know what dancing is.

To begin to know some dancing and ring games.

To begin to know how to join in.

To begin to know how to join in with dancing and ring games.

To begin to respond to stimuli.

To begin to know what it means to move rhythmically.

To begin to know how to move rhythmically.

## Reception

Gymanstics: Unit 2

#### Floor

To know how to move with control.

To begin to know their body and what makes up core strength.

To begin to know how to develop their core strength.

To know how to explore different levels of travel.

To begin to know what a roll is.

To begin to explore what a log roll is.

#### Flight

To know how to land and jump safely.

To begin to know ways to take off in a jump.

To begin to know different ways to land.

To begin to know different landing points.

To begin to know how to use different take-off and landing points.

Dance: Unit 2

To know how to respond.

To know how to respond to stimuli.

To know what dancing is.

To know some dancing and ring games.

To know how to join in.

To know how to join in with dancing and ring games.

To know how to move around a room with increasing spatial awareness.

To know how to use movement effectively when responding to stimuli.

To know how to move freely and in a straight line.



a bat.

To know how our imagination can help us move.

selection; forehand, backhand, volley

and serve.

To know how to move using our imagination.

To know a range of ways to move

To know a range of ways to move  To know how to move in a variety of different ways.							
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Dance	Dance	Dance	Swimming/Gymnastics	Dance	Dance		
To begin to know how to	To know how to move	To know how to respond to	To know how to refine teddy	To know how to use choreographic	To know how to use canon, mirroring		
move freely with spatial	freely and with	stimuli through change of	bear, dish and hollow roll.	principles when responding to a	and unison to create an effective		
awareness.	spatial awareness.	speed, levels and direction.	To know how to forward roll	stimuli.	group performance.		
To begin to know how to	To know how to move	To know what a routine is.	and backward roll.	To know how to create their own	To know how to create and adapt a		
change direction when	freely by changing	To know what a paired	To know how to control a spin.	narrative by using choreographic	narrative piece.		
responding to stimuli.	direction.	routine is.	To know how to spin to change	principles.	To know how to create and adapt a		
To know what a leap is.	To know how to	To know how to create a	direction.	To know how to create their own	narrative piece based on stimuli.		
To know what a turn is.	change direction in a	paired routine by exploring	To know how to create a 5-	narrative by using choreographic	To know how to respond and		
To know how to link two	controlled manner.	levels, direction and speeds.	part sequence using controlled	principles with a partner when	incorporate peer and self evaluation		
movements in a sequence	To know how to	To begin to know how to	spins to change direction.	responding to stimuli.	in order to improve performances.		
using leaps and turns.	respond on different	evaluate performances for	OAA	To know how to incorporate the	OAA		
Target Games (object	levels.	peers.	To know how to develop their	use of canon and mirroring to	To know how to work cooperatively		
control)	To know how to	OAA	skills required when working as	create an effective partnered	and in a team.		
To know different ways	incorporate different	To know how to develop	a pair.	performance.	To know how to read a more complex		
an object can move.	levels when	agility and hand eye	To know how to apply the	To know how to self evaluate their	map and orientating skills.		
To know how to make an	responding to stimuli	coordination.	concept of a map when	performance and give constructive	To know how to map symbols in		
object move in different	in a controlled	To know how to participate	completing a course.	feedback to peers to improve	order to complete a course.		
ways.	manner.	in team games.		performances.	To know how to work cooperatively.		
To know how to have	To know what it	To know when to take turns	Dance		To know and understand a map as a		
control over a ball.	means to combine	in a team game and the	To begin to know what	OAA	representation of objects and		
To know how to have	different elements.	principles of working	choreography is.	To know how to develop their skills	areas.		
control with both sides	To know how to	together in different	To begin to know how to	required when working in a small	To know what it means to orientate.		
of the body to move an	combine different	games.	include choreographic	group.	To know how to orientate and		
object.	elements (change of	To know what orienteering	principles (speed, levels and	To know how to develop their	identify key features using a map.		
To know how to change	level, leaps, turns)	is.	direction)	ability to reading a simple map.	To know how to apply orienteering		
direction with a moving	To know how to use	To know how to develop all	To know what a narrative piece	To know how to use coordination	skills to complete a course.		
object.	elements of dance	the physical skills needed	is	skills when orientating a map.			
To know how to maintain	with a partner.	for orienteering: agility,	To know how to create and	Badminton	Tennis		
control whilst changing	how to use elements	balance, co-ordination.	perform a narrative piece is.	To know how to perform a variety	To know how to perform a forehand,		
direction.	of dance with a	To know how to develop	To know what constructive	of shots; forehand, backhand,	backhand and volley shot with		
To know how to control	partner creating a	spatial awareness and	feedback is.	volley with increased accuracy in a	increasing accuracy.		
an object using a stick or	sequence.	participation in a team game.	To begin to know how to	rally.	To know how to develop shot		
			1		1 1 6 1 11 11 1		

evaluate performances of



#### Invasion Games

To understand the role of defenders and attackers

To know and recognise who to pass to and why. To know how to move towards a goal with a ball.

To know how to support a teammate when playing in attack

To know how to move into space showing an awareness of defenders. To know how to stay with a player when defending.

#### Net and Wall

To begin to know how to develop hand eye coordination.

To begin to know what agility means.

To begin to know how to apply coordination and agility when they begin an introduction to racket skills

To know when a racket would be used To know an effective hitting position. To begin to know how to strike a rolling ball.

#### Target Games

To know a variety of balls and how these should be held To know what it means to send. To know what it means to receive. To know how to send and receive a variety of balls with accuracy. To know what it means to be 'in

control' of an object.

To know how to use

spatial awareness to

move in different

Invasion Games

teammate.

directions whilst in

control of an object.

To understand what

means and support a

To understand that

scoring goals is an

To understand that

stopping goals is a

To know and explore

To know how to mark an opponent and understand this is a defending skill. To know how to apply simple tactics for

defending skill.

how to gain

possession.

attacking skill.

being in possession

# Netball/Invasion

To know what an 'invasion is' To begin to know how to play invasion games.

To begin to know what it means to attack and defend. To begin to know and apply the principal of attacking and defending.

To know what an evasive movement is.

To know how to use evasive movements

To know how to use evasive movements and move in different directions.

# **Tennis**

To know what it means to 'rallv'

To know how to rally with a partner.

To know how to develop hand eye coordination to complete a rally with a partner.

To know how to hit a ball with a bounce with a racket. To know how to develop hitting technique by completing a rally with a partner.

peers and begin to give constructive feedback. To know how to effectively work in a group and incorporate mirroring into a

#### sequence. Handball

To know how to use the principles of sending and receiving with increasing accuracy.

To know when to use evasion and apply the correct evasive movement.

To know the principles of defence and attack and know how to apply these to a variety of game situations.

To know what a shuttlecock is and the difference between that and a ball.

To know how to anticipate where a ball/shuttlecock will arrive and receive it

To know how to keep a ball/shuttlecock in play by concentrating on is placement within the court.

### Netball

To know what it means to shoot. (ball games)

To know how to shoot with accuracy.

To know how to apply evasive movements to a game situation with increasing accuracy. To know what the term, tactic

means. To know how to develop an

awareness of tactics. To know how to apply the awareness of tactics to a variety of game situations.

To know what it means to 'officiate' a game.

To know how to play and officiate a tennis game.

#### Basketball

To know how to apply the strategies of attacking and defending to develop their own invasion game. To refine and adapt own invasion game in response to peer and selfevaluation



	tacking and		
	fending.		
Ne	et and Wall		
То	know how to		
de	velop hand eye		
cod	ordination.		
То	know how to apply		
cod	ordination and		
agi	ility when		
coi	nsolidating racket		
	ills.		
	know an effective		
	tting position.		
То	know how to		
	prove racket and		
	nd eye		
	ordination.		
	know how to		
	prove hand eye		
	ordination when		
	tting a ball with a		
	cket with control.		
	know how to		
	nsolidate these		
act	tions.		