

## Oakfield Primary School Medium Term Plan- Science - Autumn Term

## EYFS: Understanding the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listen ing to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To know what a plant is.	To explore and compare the	To know how to identify	To know how sounds are	To know and describe the	To know how to identify and
•	differences between things	naturally occurring rocks	made.	life process of reproduction	name the main parts of the
To know where you can find	that are living, dead, and	and explore their uses.		in some plants and animals.	human circulatory systems
plants.	things that have never been	-	To understand how sound		
pianis.	alive.	To know how to group rocks	travels.	To know and describe the	To know how to describe the
To know the names of a		according to their		life process of reproduction	function of the heart, blood
variety of common, wild and	To use observations and	characteristics.	To know how we hear	in some plants and animals	vessels and blood.
garden plants.	ideas to explain how		sounds.		
	something is living, dead or	To know how to plan, carry		To know and describe the	To understand and
To know the terms petal,	has never been alive.	out and evaluate	To understand pitch and	differences in the life	demonstrate the impact of
stem, leaf and root of a		experiments to compare	amplitude.	cycles of a mammal, an	exercise on health.
plant and can label these.	To identify and name a	rocks.	·	amphibian, an insect and a	
	variety of plants and animals		To understand how to	bird.	To understand and
To know how to identify	in their habitats, by mapping	To know how to identify the	create a musical instrument		demonstrate the impact of
trees from their leaves.	a habitat and identifying its	different igneous,	with changing pitch &	To understand and describe	diet on health.
To know if trees are	inhabitants.	sedimentary and	amplitude.	the differences in the life	
deciduous or evergreen		metamorphic rocks.		cycles of a mammal, an	To know how to use
	To identify and name plants	·	To know which materials	amphibian, an insect and a	secondary sources.
To know the terms roots,	and animals in their	To know how to explore	absorb sound.	bird.	·
trunk, branches and leaves	habitats, including	what fossils are and how	To know how to identify		To understand how to
of a tree and can label	microhabitats by identifying	they are formed.	common appliances that run	To understand and describe	demonstrate the impact of
these.	mini beasts in microhabitats		on electricity.	the process of reproduction	drugs on health.
		To know how to identify	·	and the life cycle of a	_
To know the types of	To identify that most living	fossilised remains.	To understand how to	mammal by exploring Jane	To know the symbols of a
weather associated with	things live in habitats to		construct a simple circuit	Goodall's work with	circuit.
each season.	which	To know what forces are	and make predictions	chimpanzees.	
	they are suited and how	and notice that some forces	·		To know why a circuit works
To know that a changing	different habitats provide	need contact between two	To understand how a switch	To understand the way	and why it doesn't.



season affects what clothes	for the basic needs of	objects	affects how a circuit works.	different forces act on an	
we wear.	different animals and plants.	Objects	affects now a circuit works.	object.	To understand and research
we weui.	arrier em animais and plants.	To know how to compare	To understand that a switch	object.	using secondary sources.
	To identify that most living	how objects move on	opens and closes and test	To understand that	using secondary sources.
	things live in habitats to	different surfaces.	whether a bulb will light up	unsupported objects fall	To understand how to
	which they are suited and	different surfaces.	in a simple circuit.	towards the Earth because	investigate a comparative
	describe how different	To know how magnetic	in a simple circuit.	of the force of gravity	test.
		_	To an demake and elements of	,	iesi.
	habitats provide for the	forces work.	To understand electrical	acting between the Earth	T 10 1 4 1
	basic needs of different	To be and a second	hazards in the home.	and the falling objects.	To know how to compare and
	kinds of animals and plants	To know how to identify		_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	give reasons for variations
	and how they depend on	magnetic materials.	To know common conductors	To understand the effects	in how components function.
	each other by considering		and insulators.	of air resistance on a moving	
	the adaptations of animals			object.	
	and how living things in a				
	habitat depend on each			To understand the effects	
	other.			of water resistance on	
				different objects.	
	To describe how animals,				
	obtain their food			To understand the effects	
	from plants and other			of friction using different	
	animals, using the			materials.	
	idea of a simple food chain				
	and identify and name			To understand that some	
	different sources of food			mechanisms like a pulley or a	
	by making a variety of food			lever can allow a smaller	
	chains.			force to have a greater	
	To identify and compare the			effect.	
	suitability of a variety of				
	everyday materials,				
	including wood, metal,				
	plastic, glass, brick, rock,				
	paper and cardboard for				
	particular uses				
	To know and identify the				
	uses of different materials.				
	To identify and classify the				
	uses of everyday materials				
	asso of everyady materials		l	l	



in the context of the local area.		
To gather and record data		
to help in answering		
questions by recording		
observations.		
To identify and compare the		
suitability of a variety of		
everyday materials, including wood, metal,		
plastic, glass, brick, rock,		
paper and cardboard for		
particular uses by exploring		
the purposes of different objects.		
objects.		
To find out how the shapes		
of solid objects made from		
some materials can be changed by squashing,		
bending, twisting and		
stretching by changing the		
shape of objects		
To find out about people		
who have developed useful		
new materials by learning		
about John McAdam.		